# DDSIG New and Noteworthy

APTA Academy of Neurology

3/23/2017

Volume 2 Edition 2

# New

Effects of treadmill training on cognitive and motor features of patients with mild to moderate Parkinson's disease: a pilot, single-blind, randomized controlled trial <u>Article Link</u> Picelli A, Varalta V, Melotti C, Zatezalo V, Fonte C, Amato S, Saltuari L, Santamato A, Fiore P, Smania N. Funct Neurol. 2016 Jan-

#### INTRODUCTION:

*Mar*;31(1):25-31.

The aim of this pilot randomized controlled trial was to evaluate the effects of treadmill training on cognitive and motor performance in patients with Parkinson's disease (PD).

#### METHODS:

Seventeen persons with mild to moderate PD were enrolled. Nine patients were allocated to the Intervention group and received twelve 45-minute sessions of treadmill training: one session a day, three days a week, for four consecutive weeks. Eight patients were allocated to the Control group; these patients did not undergo physical training but were required to have regular social interactions, following a specific lifestyle program. All the patients were evaluated at baseline and one month later. The primary outcome measures were the Frontal Assessment Battery-Italian version (FAB-it) and the 6-minute walking test (6MWT).

#### **RESULTS:**

At the one month evaluation significant differences were found between the groups in their performance on the FABit (p=0.005) and the 6MWT (p=0.018).

#### CONCLUSION:

Our findings support the hypothesis that treadmill training might effectively improve cognitive and motor features in patients with PD.

# Noteworthy

International Conference Parkinson Disease Vancouver BC Canada June 4-8, 2017

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CONCLUSIONS and CLINICAL IMPLICATIONS: Preliminary findings indicate that aerobic exercise using a treadmill may lead to improvements in both cognitive and motor features in people with mild to moderate Parkinson disease and no dementia.